490/Math.

UG/4th Sem/MTMP-CC-T-4/20

U.G. 4th Semester Examination - 2020

MATHEMATICS

[PROGRAMME]

Course Code: MTMP-CC-T-4

Full Marks: 60

Time : $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours

 ${\it The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks}.$

The symbols and notations have their usual meanings.

1. Answer any **ten** questions:

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

- a) If (G, o) be a group and $a, b \in G$ then prove that $(aob)^{-1} = b^{-1}oa^{-1}$.
- b) If each in a group be its own inverse then prove the group is abelian.
- c) Prove that union of two subgroups not necessarily a subgroup.
- d) Find all elements of order 10 in a group $(\mathbb{Z}_{30},+)$.
- e) Find all cyclic subgroups of Klein's 4-Group.
- f) Prove that all proper subgroups of order 8 is commutative.

- Prove that symmetric group S_3 has a trivial center.
- h) If (G, o) be a group and $a \in G$. Prove that aG = G, where $aG = \{aog : g \in G\}$.
- i) Prove that a group of order 27 must have a subgroup of order 3.
- j) If a be an element of a group and o(a) = 20. Find the order of the element a^6 .
- k) Let G be a group and $a \in G$. Prove that $\langle a \rangle$ is a normal subgroup of C(a).
- I) If G = {e, a, b, c, d} be a cyclic group with identity element *e* find the order of the element *b*.
- n) Prove that in a Boolean ring R, a+a=0 for every $a \in \mathbb{R}$.
- n) Give an example of a ring which is not an integral domain.
- o) Give an example of a finite ring R with unity and a subring S of R containing no unity.
- 2. Answer any **four** questions: $5 \times 4 = 20$
 - a) Let (G, o) be a group and $a, b \in G$ suppose $a^2 = e$ and $aoboa = b^7$, prove that $b^{48} = e$.

- b) Let $G \neq \{e\}$ be a group of order p^n , p is a prime. Show that G contains an element of order p.
- c) If H be a normal subgroup of a group G such that o(H) = 3, [G:H] = 10. If $a \in G$ and o(a)=3, prove that $a \in H$.
- d) State and prove a necessary and sufficient condition that a subgroup is a normal subgroup of a group.
- e) In a ring R if $x^2 = x$, $\forall x \in R$, then show that R is commutative. Also show that $(a+b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$ for all $a, b \in R$.
- f) Show that the set of all units in a ring R with unity forms a group with respect to multiplication.
- 3. Answer any **two** questions: $10 \times 2 = 20$
 - a) i) Let G be a group in which $(ab)^3 = a^3b^3$ for all $a,b \in G$. Prove that $H = \{x^3 : x \in G\}$ is a normal subgroup of G.
 - ii) State and prove the Lagrange's theorem.
 - b) i) Let (G,*) be a group and H be a non-empty finite sub-set of G. Then show that (H,*) is a subgroup of (G,*) if and only if $a \in H, b \in H \Rightarrow a*b \in H$.

- ii) Prove that the subgroup of a cyclic group is cyclic
- c) i) Show that a finite integral domain is a field.
 - ii) If R is a commutative ring of prime characteristic p. Prove that $(a+b)^p = a^p + b^p \text{ for all } a, b \in R.$
