## U.G. 3rd Semester Examination - 2019 MATHEMATICS

[HONOURS]

Course Code: MATH(H)CC-07-T

Full Marks: 40

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  Hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Symbols have their usual meanings.

1. Answer any five questions:

 $2 \times 5 = 10$ 

- a) Find the numbers of significant figures in the approximate number 0.4785, given its relative error as  $0.2 \times 10^{-2}$ .
- b) Find  $y_7$ , given  $y_0 = 0$ ,  $y_1 = 7$ ,  $y_2 = 26$ ,  $y_3 = 63$ ,  $y_4 = 124$ .
- c) Prove that  $\Delta \cdot \nabla = \Delta \nabla$ .
- d) Write down the advantages and disadvantages of Newton-Raphson method.
- e) What do you mean "diagonally dominant" of the system of linear equations?

[Turn over]

- f) What is the degree of precision of Simson's  $\frac{1}{3}$ rd rule? Why?
- g) Find the error in fixed point interation method.
- h) Write down the geometric meaning of Newton-Raphson formula.
- 2. Answer any two questions:

 $5 \times 2 = 10$ 

a) Find the function f(x) as a polynominal in x by using the following table:

х	0	2	4	6	8	10
f(x)	-1	5	10	17	29	49

b) If y<sub>0</sub>, y<sub>1</sub>, y<sub>2</sub>, ..., y<sub>6</sub> are the consecutive terms of a series, then show that

$$y_3 = 0.05(y_0 + y_6) - 0.3(y_1 + y_5) + 0.75(y_2 + y_4)$$

using Lagranges interpolation formula.

- Established composite Trapezoidal rule and its error formula.
- d) Find a real root of the equation  $3x \cos x 1 = 0$  correct to four significant figures using modified Newton-Raphson method.

## 3. Answer any two questions:

10×2=20

- a) i) Establish Differentiation formula based on Newton's forward interpolation formula.
  - ii) Find the missing term in the following table:

X	0	1	2	3	4
f(x)	1	3	9		8

5+5

- b) i) Describe LU decomposition method.
  - ii) Use Runge-Kutta method of order 2 to calculate y(0.2) for the equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y^2, y(0)=1.$  6+4
- c) i) Fit a second degree parabola to the following data taking x as independent variable:

X <sub>i</sub>	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
y <sub>i</sub>	2	6	7	8	10	11	.11	10	9

 Establish fixed point iteration formula for solving algebraic and transcendental equation 5+5 d) i) Determine the largest eigen value and the corresponding eigen vector of the following matrix by power method

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 & -1 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 \\ -1 & 4 & 10 \end{pmatrix}$$

ii) Establish the modified Euler's formula for ordinary differential equation. 5+5

407/Math